(c) the details of measures which are contemplated to encourage medical colleges to start higher courses in neurology and encourage more and more students to specialize in the subject?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI PANABAKA LAKSHMI): (a) to (c) Different State Govt. have been giving Essentiality Certificate for starting of different PG/ Superspeciality courses in the medical colleges/institutions in the State based on the need for starting such courses. Based on the Essentiality Certificate given by the State Govt. and other requirement as per MCI norms, Central Govt. is granting permission for starting of such courses after receiving recommendations from Medical Council of India. However, as of now annual intake in M.Ch (Nouro-surgery) & DM (Neurolog) courses is approximately 118 in different Medical Colleges in the country.

Resistance attained by parasites against anti-malaria drugs

3454. SHRI JANARDHANA POOJARY: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the existing anti-malaria drugs are proving to be ineffective as the parasite has developed resistance to the drugs;

(b) if so, the details in this regard;

(c) whether Government are considering to introduce a combination of drugs to contain malaria in the country; and

(d) if so, the details in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI PANABAKA LAKSHMI): (a) to (d) No, Sir. Chloroquine is the first line drug for the treatment of malaria cases and continues to be effective for management of malaria cases in majority of areas. In areas, with resistance to Chloroquine, second line of drugs *i.e.* Sulpha-phrimethamine artesunate combination therapy is recommended for treatment of Plasmodium falciparum malaria cases. The details of the areas where Sulpha-pyrimethamine artesunate combination is recommended are placed at the Statement enclosed.

Statement

Chloroquine resistant areas with Revised Drug Policy for Malaria

Sl. No.	State/UT	District	Number of PHCs	Name of PHCs
1	2	3	4	5
1.	Andhra Pradesh	Vizianagaram	1	Modumkhalu
2.	A & N Islands	Great Nicobar	15	-
		Little Andaman	4	-
3.	Assam	Karbi Anglong (whole)	11	-
		Nagaon (whole)	11	-
		Darrang,	1	Orang
		Kamrup,	1	Sonapur
		Nalbari	1	Tamalpur
4.	Arunachal Pradesh	Lohit (whole)	7	
		Tirap and Changlang	1	Jairampur
5.	Chhattisgarh	Jagdalpur	1	DNK Project area
		Korba	1	Pondiuprora
6.	Goa	North Goa-	2	Aldona
				Panjim
7.	Gujarat	Panchamahal	1	Kadana
		Kutch Bhuj	2	Kavada
				Gorewali
		Anand	1	Pansora
		Dahod	1	Degawada
8.	Jharkhand	Gumla	2	Thethaitangar
		Palkot		
9.	Karnataka	Kolar,	1	Gulur
		Raichur,	1	Echanal
		Bellary	1	Kamalpura
		Mandya	1	D.K. halli
		Bagalkot	1	Kamatagi
10.	Madhya Pradesh	Jhabua	1	Kalyanapura
11.	Maharashtra	Chandrapur	58	
		Raigarh	1	Washi
		Gadchiroli	1	Dhanora

1	2	3	4	5
12.	Meghalaya	All districts except Jaintia Hills	39	
13.	Mizoram	Aizwal	1	Sairang
		Lunglei	1	Hnanthial
14.	Nagaland	All districts(8)	49	
15.	Orissa	Keonjhar,	1	Keonjhar town
		Kandhamal,	1	Daringabari
		Sundergar	2	Kuarmundu Bisra
		Angul	1	Bantala
		Dhenkanal	1	Khajurikata
16.	Rajasthan	Dungarpur	1	Bicchiwara
17.	Tripura	SouthTripura	1	Santibazar
18.	Uttar Pradesh	Mirzapur	1	NTPC Shaktinagar only
19.	West Bengal	Purulia,	2	Bagmundi, Bandhwan
		Jalpaiguri,	2	Uttar Latabari, Mal,
		Bankura	1	Ranibandh
		Darjeeling	2	Naxalbari, Sukna
	TOTAL	51 districts	236	PHCs

MCI's measures to prevent manipulations

3455. SHRIMATI VANGA GEETHA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Medical Council of India has inspected any private medical college in regard to curbing mainpulations in recruiting faculty during the last one year;

(b) if so, the details of such inspected colleges, State-wise;

(c) the action taken against the colleges that have not conformed to the recruitment rules;